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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

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#### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

KEPOKI FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	71/2008	AND ENDING	7/30/2009
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGIST	RANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: NATIONAL SECT	RITIES CORPORATION	,	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINES	S: (Do not use P.O. Box I	No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
1001 FOURTH AVENUE SUITE 2200			
	(No. and Street)		
SEATTLE	WA	9	3154
(City)	(State)	(Zip	Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSO LEO SATRIAWAN	N TO CONTACT IN REG		RT 622-7200
	-	(A	rea Code – Telephone Number
B. ACCOUN	TANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose	opinion is contained in thi	s Report*	
SHERB & CO., LLP			
(Name	- if individual, state last, first,	middle name)	<i>p</i>
900 NW CORPORATE BLVD., SUITE 210 EAST	BOCA RATON	${ t FL}$	33431
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in United St	ates or any of its possession	ns.	
FOR	OFFICIAL USE ONLY	Y	

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

# Financial Statements and Supplemental Information National Securities Corporation

(a wholly owned subsidiary of National Holdings Corporation)

Year ended September 30, 2009

with Report and Supplementary Report of Independent Auditors

### Financial Statements and Supplemental Information

Year ended September 30, 2009

### **Contents**

Report of Independent Auditors	1
Audited Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Condition	2
Statement of Operations	4
Statement of Shareholder's Equity	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	
Supplemental Information	
Computation of Net Capital	
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	16
Statement Regarding SEC Rule 15c3-3	17
Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a	
Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c 3-3	18



1900 NW Corporate Blvd., East Suite 210 Boca Raton, Florida 33431 Tel. 561-886-4200 Fax. 561-886-3330 e-mail:info@sherbcpa.com

Offices in New York and Florida

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder National Securities Corporation Seattle, Washington

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of National Securities Corporation as of September 30, 2009, and the related statements of operations, changes in shareholder's equity, changes in subordinated borrowings and cash flows for the year ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of National Securities Corporation as of September 30, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Certified Public Accountants

Sheets & Co, LLP

Boca Raton, Florida November 25, 2009

### Statement of Financial Condition

### **September 30, 2009**

#### Assets

Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,077,250
Due from clearing broker	2,637,586
Securities held for resale - at market value	
Marketable securities	14,204
Restricted securities	6,300
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtfull accounts	110,615
Forgivable loans - employees	1,989,983
Notes receivable - employees, net allowance for	
doubtful accounts	870,047
Prepaid expenses, and other current assets	312,645
Secured demand note	 500,000
Total Current Assets	 10,518,630
Property and Equipment, net	216,992
Other Assets	62,757
Total Assets	\$ 10,798,379

### Statement of Financial Condition

### **September 30, 2009**

### Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity

Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity	\$	10,798,379
Total Shareholder's Equity		3,221,003
		3,221,663
Accumulated deficit		(7,356,308)
Additional paid-in-capital		10,577,969
authorized, 100 shares issued and outstanding		
Common stock \$0.02 par value, 5,000,000 shares		2
Shareholder's Equity		
Total Current Liabilities		7,576,716
Subordinated borrowings	<u> </u>	850,000
Other		123,883
Accrued interest		1,147
Other accrued liabilities		1,271,807
Accrued compensation		4,502,361
Accounts payable	\$	827,518
Current Liabilities:		

### Statement of Operations

### For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

Revenues:	
Commissions	\$ 51,133,461
Net dealer inventory gains	9,733,319
Investment banking	1,720,817
Interest and dividends	1,418,093
Transfer fees and clearing services	8,000,072
Other	 620,430
Total Revenues	 72,626,192
Expenses:	
Commissions and fees	60,360,467
Employee compensation and related expenses	7,373,165
Clearing fees	1,253,391
Communications	2,342,396
General administrative expenses	2,264,580
Taxes, licenses and registration	882,421
Total Expenses	 74,476,420
Net Loss	\$ (1,850,228)

### Statement of Changes in Shareholder's Equity

### For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

	Common Stock Shares Amount			Additional Paid - in Capital	A	ccumulated Deficit	Total		
Balance as of September 30, 2008	100	\$	2	\$	11,213,741	\$	(5,506,080)	\$	5,707,663
Compensatory element of options granted by parent				•	453,280				453,280
Cash distribution to parent					(1,089,052)				(1,089,052)
Net Loss							(1,850,228)		(1,850,228)
Balance as of September 30, 2009	100	\$	2	\$	10,577,969	\$	(7,356,308)	\$	3,221,663

### Statement of Cash Flows

### For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

Net Loss  Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization	1,850,228) 137,502 453,280
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Depreciation and amortization	-
<del> </del>	453,280
Compensatory element of options granted by parent	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net	
Due from clearing broker	(710,598)
Accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, and other current assets	(38,963)
Forgivable loans, and notes receivable	1,574,368
Securities held for resale, at market value	332,557
Other assets	274,886
Payable to clearing broker	(344,251)
Securities sold, but not yet purchased, at market	(8,810)
Accounts payable, accrued compensation, and other liabilities	1,705,073
Subordinated borrowings	350,000
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,874,816
Investing Activities	
Purchases of property and equipment	(72,167)
Net cash used in investing activities	(72,167)
Financing Activities	
Distribution to parent (1	1,089,052)
Net cash used in financing activities	1,089,052)
Net increase in cash	713,597
	3,363,653
	4,077,250
Cash Paid for:	
Income Taxes \$	66,710
Interest \$	42,404

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 1. Organization

#### **Description of Business**

National Securities Corporation, ("National" or the "Company") was incorporated in 1947 under the laws of the State of Washington. Its primary business is to provide financial services and products to the general public and to the financial community as a registered broker-dealer in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company has offices throughout the United States with its principal office located in Seattle, Washington. The Company is an introducing broker and clears all transactions through National Financial Services ("NFS"), Legent Clearing, LLC ("Legent") and Penson Financial Services ("Penson"), its clearing firms, on a fully disclosed basis. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of National Holdings Corporation ("NHLD").

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies and Other Matters

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Revenue Recognition and Other Matters**

Customer security transactions and the related commission income and expense are recorded on a trade date basis. Customers who are financing their transactions on margin are charged interest. The Company's margin requirements are in accordance with the terms and conditions mandated by its clearing firms, NFS, Penson, and Legent. The interest is billed on the average daily balance of the margin account.

Investment banking revenues include gains, losses, and fees, net of syndicate expenses, arising from securities offerings in which the Company acts as an underwriter or agent. Investment banking revenues also include fees earned from providing financial advisory services. Investment banking management fees are recorded on the closing date, sales concessions on the settlement date, and underwriting fees at the time the underwriting is completed and the income is reasonably determinable.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies and Other Matters - Continued

Net trading inventory gains result from mark-ups and mark-downs in securities transactions entered into for the account of the Company. Some of these transactions may involve the Company taking position in securities which may expose the company to losses. Net trading profits are recorded on a trade date basis.

Transfer fees and clearing fees are fees charged to the broker and/or the client on customer security transaction in order to offset the Company's cost to produce statement, confirmation, and tax document. They are recognized as of the trade date.

Other revenue consists primarily of investment advisory fees that are account management fees for high net worth clients. These fees are determined based on a percentage of the customers assets under management, are billed quarterly and recognized when collected.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which range from three to five years. Leasehold improvements are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets or the remaining term of the lease. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; costs of major additions and betterments that extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the costs and related accumulated depreciation or amortization are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss on disposal is recognized.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company reports its income for federal tax purposes on a consolidated basis with NHLD on a tax allocation arrangement; however, the Company's federal income tax has been calculated on a separate return basis for these financial statements. The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the difference between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities, using the effective tax rates in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance related to deferred tax assets is also recorded when it is more likely than not that some or the entire deferred amount may not be realized.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for cash, receivables, accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities approximate fair value based on the short-term maturity of these instruments.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies and Other Matters - Continued

#### **Impairment of Long-Lived Assets**

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever circumstances and situations change such that there is an indication that the carrying amounts may not be recovered. At September 30, 2009, the Company has determined that there has been no impairment of its long-lived assets.

#### **Notes Receivables**

The Company extends unsecured credit in the normal course of business to its registered representatives. The allowance for doubtful accounts reflects the amount of loss that can be reasonably estimated by management, and if any, is included in other expenses in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. The balance in allowance for doubtful accounts at September 30, 2009 is \$30,335.

#### Forgivable loans

Forgivable loans are given to certain registered representatives as an incentive for their affiliation with the Company. The representative signs an independent contractor agreement with National for a specified term, typically a three-year period along with a promissory note for an equivalent term. The advance is then amortized on a straight-line basis over the amount of time the representative is obligated to be affiliated with National, and is included in commission expense in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. In the event the representative's affiliation with National terminates prior to the fulfillment of their contract, the representative is required to repay the unamortized balance in accordance with the terms of the promissory note.

#### Valuation of Investments

Marketable securities which consist of publicly traded unrestricted common stock and bonds are valued at the closing price on the valuation date.

Restricted securities which consist of non-tradable warrants exercisable into freely trading common stock of public companies are carried at fair value as determined in good faith by management.

### Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies and Other Matters - Continued

#### **Concentrations of Credit Risk**

The Company is engaged in trading and providing a broad range of securities brokerage and investment services to a diverse group of retail and institutional clientele, as well as corporate finance and investment banking services to corporations and businesses. Counterparties to the Company's business activities include broker-dealers and clearing organizations, banks and other financial institutions. The Company uses clearing brokers to process transactions and maintain customer accounts on a fee basis for the Company. The Company uses three clearing brokers for substantially all of its business. The Company permits the clearing firms to extend credit to its clientele secured by cash and securities in the client's account. The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with the non-performance by its customers and counterparties in fulfilling their contractual obligations can be directly impacted by volatile or illiquid trading markets, which may impair the ability of customers and counterparties to satisfy their obligations to the Company. The Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing brokers for losses they incur while extending credit to the Company's clients

It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of its customers and each counterparty. Amounts due from customers that are considered uncollectible by the clearing broker are charged back to the Company by the clearing broker when such amounts become determinable. Upon notification of a charge back, such amounts, in total or in part, are then either (i) collected from the customers, (ii) charged to the broker initiating the transaction and included in other receivables in the accompanying consolidated statement of financial condition, and/or (iii) charged as an expense in the accompanying consolidated statement of financial condition, based on the particular facts and circumstances.

The Company maintains cash with major financial institutions. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insures up to \$250,000 at each institution. At times, such amounts may exceed the FDIC limits. At September 30, 2009 the uninsured cash bank balances was \$3,201,386. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risks for cash.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies and Other Matters - Continued

#### Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk

The securities transactions of the Company's customers are introduced on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker-dealer. The Company holds no customer funds or securities. The clearing broker-dealer is responsible for execution, collection of and payment of funds and receipt and delivery of securities relative to customer transactions. Off-balance sheet risk exists with respect to these transactions due to the possibility that customers may be unable to fulfill their contractual commitments wherein the clearing broker-dealer may charge any related losses to the Company. The Company seeks to minimize this risk through procedures designed to monitor the creditworthiness of its customers and to ensure that customer transactions are executed properly by the clearing broker-dealer. However, the Company does not require collateral from its customers or the clearing broker-dealer and potential losses could be material to the Company.

#### 3. Securities Held for Resale - Marketable and Restricted

The Company policy is to resell these securities in anticipation of short-term market movements. The Company recognizes revenue for such equity instruments based on the fair market value of the stock and for stock purchase warrants based on the Black-Scholes valuation model, only when the underlying shares are registered. Realized gains or losses are recorded in the statement of operations when the underlying securities are sold. Unrealized gains or losses are recognized in the statement of operations on a monthly basis based on changes in the fair value of the security as quoted on national or inter-dealer stock exchanges or, for stock purchase warrants, based on the Black-Scholes valuation model.

As of September 30, 2009, securities held for resale include:

Corporate Stocks	\$ 10,674
Corporate Obligations	3,150
Accrued Interest	380
Restricted Securities	6,300_
Total	\$ 20,504

Investments in restricted securities at September 30, 2009 consisted of \$6,300 of restricted securities and securities not having a ready market.

To determine the fair value of its intangible assets, the Company used the professional standards for Fair Value Measurements. This method provides a fair value hierarchy which gives priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. There is no active market for the Company's non marketable securities yet the prices for the underlying shares are quoted in the open market, thus we classified these assets as Level 2.

#### Securities Held for Resale

	1	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Corporate Stocks	\$	10,674	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,674
Corporate Obligations		3,150	-	-	\$ 3,150
Accrued Interest		380	-	-	\$ 380
Restricted Securities		. <b>-</b>	6,300	-	6,300
Total	\$	14,204	\$ 6,300	\$ -	\$ 20,504

#### 4. Property and equipment

Property and equipment as of September 30, 2009 consist of Furniture and Fixtures, Office Equipments, and Leasehold Improvements. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets for financial reporting purposes. Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2009 was \$ 137,502.

#### 5. Liabilities Subordinated to the Claims of General Creditors

Subordinated borrowings represent a secured demand note and a subordinated loan that were entered into between the Company and related parties. The subordinated borrowings were entered into in accordance with the form prescribed by FINRA, and it is accounted for in accordance with broker-dealer accounting SEC rule 15c3-1d. The subordinated borrowings are additions to compute net capital under SEC rule 15c3-1. The borrowings are subordinated to the claims of present and future creditors of the Company and cannot be repaid where such repayment will cause the Company to fail to meet its minimum net capital requirements in accordance with SEC rule 15c3-1.

On February 1, 2001, the Company entered into a three-year secured demand note collateral agreement with an employee of the Company and a former Director of NHLD, to borrow securities, which can be used by the Company for collateral arrangements. These securities have a borrowing value totaling \$500,000. This note bears interest at 5% per annum with interest paid monthly. The secured demand note is currently in 'Suspended Repayment' status pursuant to SEC rule 15c3-1d. Certain of the securities, totaling \$168,482 have been pledged as collateral for security deposits for office leases under two letters of credit. No amounts have been drawn on either of these letters of credit.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

On June 30, 2009 and July 30, 2009, the Company entered into subordinated loan agreement with Legent, one of its clearing agent. The values of the loans are \$100,000 and \$250,000; bear interests of 4.5% and broker call plus 4.5% respectively. The interest on the \$250,000 loan is paid monthly. The principal and the interest on the \$100,000 loan are fully forgiven on June 30, 2010 provided the Company is in good standing.

#### 6. Income Taxes

Although the Company's results will be included in the consolidated income tax return of its parent company, an income tax provision has been calculated as if the Company is filing a stand-alone income tax return.

At September 30, 2009, the Company's tax provision is as follows:

Current Expense	\$ -
Deferred Expense	 
Total Expense	\$ _

The Company's Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities) at September 30, 2009 were as follows:

Net operating loss carryovers	\$	4,003,000
Other temporary difference		22,000
Gross deferred tax assets	***	4,025,000
Valuation allowance		(4,025,000)
Net deferred tax assetss	\$	_

A reconciliation of the Company's income tax expense applying the Federal statutory tax rate to its effective tax rate is as follows:

Income tax at the federal statutory rate	\$ (648,000)
Permanent differences	\$ 194,000
Add:	
State income tax	
Net of federal tax benefit	(92,000)
Change in valuation allowance	546,000
Income tax at the effective tax rate	\$ _

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

The Company's valuation allowance increased by \$546,000 during the year ended September 30, 2009.

The Company's net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$10 million expire through September 30, 2029 and may be limited due to changes in ownership in accordance with IRC Section 382.

#### 7. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. As of September 30, 2009, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital of \$250,000. The net capital and excess net capital amounts for the Company are as follows:

Net Capital	\$ 488,919
Excess Net Capital	\$ 238,919

#### 8. Leases

As of September 30, 2009, the Company leases office space and equipment in various states expiring at various dates through 2013 and is committed under operating leases for future minimum payments as follows:

For the Year Ending	
September 30, 2009	Amount
2010	\$ 2,171,587
2011	2,195,489
2012	2,067,702
2013	1,431,499
Thereafter	 50,141
Total	\$ 7,916,418
	\$ 

The total amount of the rent payable under the lease is recognized on a straight line basis over the term of the lease. As of September 30, 2009 the Company has recognized deferred rent payable of \$139,578 which has been included as part of accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities. Rental expense under all operating leases for the year ended September 30, 2009 was \$2,148,789.

## Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### 9. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is a defendant in various arbitrations and administrative proceedings, lawsuits and claims seeking damages of approximately \$5,328,600. The Company believes such claims are substantially without merit, and estimates that its liability, primarily for legal defense costs, could approximate \$340,000 (exclusive of unspecified punitive damages related to certain claims and inclusive of expected insurance coverage). These matters arise in the normal course of business. The Company intends to vigorously defend itself in these actions, and believes that the eventual outcome of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company. However, the ultimate outcome of these matters cannot be determined at this time.

#### 10. Employee Benefits

The Company has a defined 401(k) profit sharing plan (the "Plan") that covers substantially all of its employees. Under the terms of the Plan, participants can elect to defer up to 25% of eligible compensation, subject to certain limitations, by making voluntary contributions to the Plan. The Company's annual contributions are made at the discretion of the Board of Directors. During the year ended September 30, 2009, the Company made no contributions to the Plan.

#### 11. Clearing Agreements

In April 2005, National entered into an agreement with NFS that became effective in June 2005 to be the Company's primary clearing broker. The clearing agreement includes a termination fee if National terminates the agreement without cause. In June 2005 National entered into a clearing agreement with Penson for the purpose of providing other clearing services that are not provided by NFS. Additionally, in June 2007, National entered into a clearing agreement with Legent for the purpose of providing clearing services that are not provided by NFS and to maintain a pre-existing clearing relationship for brokers newly associated with National. A new clearing agreement with Legent was signed in May 2009.

#### 12. Compensatory Element of Options Granted

During On July 1, 2008, National Holdings Corporation, in conjunction with the merger of vFiance, Inc., and on behalf of vFinance Investments, Inc., granted options to individuals to purchase common stock of NHLD. The options have a life of no more than five years, are exercisable at various prices per share and vest over a period of four years. The amortization of stock option compensation expense for these grants for the year ended September 30, 2009 was determined to be \$453,280.

## Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

### September 30, 2009

### Net Capital

Total stockholder's equity	\$	3,221,663
Add: subordinated borrowings allowable in computation of net capital		850,000
Total Capital and Allowable Subordinated Borrowings		4,071,663
Non-Allowable Assets		
Restricted Securities		6,300
Forgivable Loans - Employees, Current Portion		1,989,983
Notes Receivable - Employees, Net Allowance for		
Doubtful Accounts		870,047
Accounts Receivable, Net Allowance for		
Doubtful Accounts		110,615
Prepaid Expenses		312,645
Fixed Assets		216,992
Other Assets		62,757
Total Non-Allowable Assets		3,569,339
Net Capital Before Haircuts on Securities Positions		502,324
Haircuts on Securities		
Stocks and Bonds		13,326
Foreign Currencies		64
Blockage Deduction		15
Total Haircuts on Securities Positions		13,405
Net Capital	<u>\$</u>	488,919
Reconciliation		
Net capital, per September 30, 2009 unaudited report, as filed	\$	488,919
Net audit adjustments	\$	488,919
Net capital, per September 30, 2009 audited report, as filed	J)	400,717

### **Statement Regarding SEC Rule 15c3-3**

September 30, 2009

#### **Exemptive Provisions**

The Company claims exemption from the requirements of Rule 15c3-3 under Sections (k)(2)(ii)(C) of the Rule. Therefore, the following reports are not presented:

- A) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement under Rule 15c3-3.
- B) Information relating to the Possession or Control Requirements under Rule 15c3-3.



1900 NW Corporate Blvd., East Suite 210 Boca Raton, Florida 33431 Tel. 561-886-4200 Fax. 561-886-3330 e-mail:info@sherbcpa.com

Offices in New York and Florida

Certified Public Accountants

#### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To The Shareholder National Securities Corporation Seattle, Washington

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of National Securities Corporation for the year ended September 30, 2009, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1) Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- 2) Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3) Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

#### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3 (CONTINUED)

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, which we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at September 30, 2009 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Shareholder, management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Certified Public Accountants

5 herb & Co, LLP

Boca Raton, Florida November 25, 2009

### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, LEO SATRIAWAN	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of	
my knowledge and belief the accompanying finance	ial statement and su	apporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
NATIONAL SECURITIES CORPORATION  of SEPTEMBER 30TH	2009	, a , a are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, p classified solely as that of a customer, except as fo	rincipal officer or d	
Notary Public State of Washington BRANDY CRISTINE GROUT MY COMMISSION EXPIRES June 22, 2013	CHIE	gnature F FFNANCIAL OFFICER Title
BRANDY GROUT Public		
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes (a) Facing Page.  (b) Statement of Financial Condition.  (c) Statement of Income (Loss).  (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Eq (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subord (g) Computation of Net Capital.  (h) Computation for Determination of Reserved (i) Information Relating to the Possession or (g) A Reconciliation, including appropriate exp	on. uity or Partners' or linated to Claims of Requirements Purs Control Requiremen	Creditors. Suant to Rule 15c3-3.
Computation for Determination of the Res	erve Requirements	

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).